Háskóli Íslands Haust 2014

Raunvísindadeild

Eðlisfræði

# Eðlisfræði þéttefnis I

#### Dæmablað 1

## Skilafrestur 2. September 2014 kl. 15:00

#### 1. Density of atoms in silicon (10)

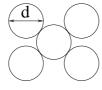
Consider the diamond structure of a Si crystal, for which the cubic lattice constant is a=5.431 Å.

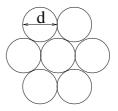
- (a) Compute the distance, in Å, between nearest-neighbor Si atoms in the crystal.
- (b) Compute the distance, in Å, between nearest-neighbor Si atoms in the (100), (110), and (111) planes of the Si crystal.
- (c) Compute the density of atoms (atoms/cm<sup>3</sup>) in the Si crystal.

### 2. Pökkun í kristalli (10)

Myndin að neðan sýnir þétt pökkuð plön tveggja teningsgrinda sem hafa sömu fjarlægð milli næstu granna d.

- (a) Hverjir eru Miller vísar plananna og í hvaða grindum finnast þau.
- (b) Hver er frumeindaþéttleikinn (frumeind/einingarflatarmál) í hvoru plani fyrir sig.





#### 3. Ionic crystal KF (10)

In a single molecule of KF, the equilibrium internuclear separation is  $r_0 = 2.67$  Å and the cohesive energy  $(-E_i)$  relative to separated ions is 0.50 eV/molecule smaller than the Coulomb attractive energy, because of overlap repulsion. Given that the electron affinity of of fluorine is 4.07 eV/electron and that the first ionization potential of potassium is 4.34 volts, show that the energy necessary to separate the molecule into neutral atoms is  $-0.945E_i$ .

#### 4. Ionic crystals (15)

We can use the form

$$u(r) = \frac{\alpha e^2}{r} + \frac{C}{r^m}$$

of the cohesive energy per ion pair to investigate the stability of the possible crystal structure an ionic crystal may assume. Assuming that the coupling constant C characterizing the contribution of the short-range repulsion is proportional to the coordination number Z, show that the equilibrium cohesive energy for different lattice types varies as  $(\alpha^m/Z)^{1/(m-1)}$ , and use the values of the Madelung constant  $\alpha$  in the table below to construct a table of relative stability according to the value of m. (Hint: First examine the case of large or small m.)

Crystal structure	Madelung constant, $\alpha$
Cesium chloride	1.7627
Sodium chloride	1.7476
Zinchblende	1.6381