

08.33.40 Hlutjónað rafgas

Dæmablað 6

Skilafrestur 16. október 2007 kl. 14:00

1. Collisional Sheath Law

(15) Dæmi 6.4 í Lieberman og Lichtenberg

2. Thermodynamics and Vapor Pressures

(15) Dæmi 7.5 í Lieberman og Lichtenberg

3. Langmuir probe

(15) A cylindrical Langmuir probe with radius $a = 40 \mu\text{m}$ and length $d = 63 \text{ mm}$ is used to determine the plasma density n_e and electron temperature T_e in an argon discharge. The plasma potential (with respect to ground) is measured to be 30 V. The Langmuir probe I versus V_B characteristic is measured to be (V_B is the probe voltage with respect to ground).

$I [\mu\text{A}]$	-25	-22	-19.3	-14.8	-8.7	15	50.5	131	313	733
$V_B [\text{V}]$	-20	-10	0	10	15	20	22.5	25	27.5	30

(a) According to (6.6.29), a plot of I^2 versus $\Phi_P - V_B$ should be a straight line in the ion saturation regime $\Phi_P - V_B \gg T_e$. Plot I^2 versus $\Phi_P - V_B$ on linear scales for $\Phi_P - V_B \gg T_e$. Extrapolate the linear part of this curve to determine the ion saturation current I_i over the entire voltage range $0 < \Phi_P - V_B < 50 \text{ V}$. Then apply (6.6.29) to I_i (where m in (6.6.29) is the ion mass) to determine n_s .

(b) Subtract I_i from I to determine the electron current I_e and plot $\ln I_e$ (log scale) versus $\Phi_P - V_B$ (linear scale). You should obtain a straight line as in (6.6.6). Find T_e and n_s from your data. Compare the n_s value you find in part (a), and comment briefly on any discrepancy.